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**GRAVITA INDIA LIMITED**

**Related Party Transaction Policy (Effective from 24<sup>th</sup> March 2015)  
(Last Reviewed/Amended on 28<sup>th</sup> March, 2022)**

## **1. PURPOSE:**

This policy aims to determine the materiality of Related Party Transactions ('RPTs') and to deal with RPTs of Gravita India Limited (the 'Company')

This policy is prepared in accordance with Regulation 23 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the 'Listing Regulations') as amended from time to time, and Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with Rules made thereunder, as amended from time to time.

## **2. DEFINITIONS:**

- a) 'Related Party' and 'Related Party Transactions' (RPT) shall have the meanings ascribed to them under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations.
- b) "Material RPT" means an RPT with thresholds as prescribed under the Listing Regulations
- c) "Material Modification of a Related Party Transaction" means any subsequent change to an existing RPT, whose value of the modification exceeds 10% of the transaction value approved by the Committee.

## **3. APPROVALS AND REVIEW:**

### **Audit committee:**

Prior approval of the Audit committee shall be required for:

- All RPTs and any subsequent material modification shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee (the 'Committee' Further, member of the Committee who are Independent Directors shall approve RPTs.
- a related party transaction to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party, if the value of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year exceeds ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity.
- with effect from April 1, 2023, a related party transaction to which the subsidiary of a listed entity is a party but the listed entity is not a party, if the value of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten per cent of the annual standalone turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of the subsidiary

The Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company subject to compliance of the conditions contained in the Companies Act,

2013 and SEBI LODR as amended from time to time.

All RPTs including RPTs approved through omnibus approval, shall be reviewed post facto by the Committee on a quarterly basis.

Omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year. And the omnibus shareholders' approval for material RPTs approved in an AGM shall be valid upto the date of the next AGM for a period not exceeding fifteen months.

RPTs which cannot be foreseen and where the details prescribed in the criteria for seeking omnibus approval are not available, the Committee may grant omnibus approval upto Rs. 1 crore per transaction.

**Board & Shareholders:**

- a) Every "material RPT" and subsequent "material modifications" as defined in Para 2 of this Policy, shall require prior approval of the shareholders. No Related Parties shall vote to approve the relevant transaction, irrespective of whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.
- b) All RPTs prescribed under Section 188 of the Act which are either not in the ordinary course of business or are not at arm's length basis, shall require prior approval of:
  - i. Board; and
  - ii. Shareholders, if amount of such transactions exceeds the limits prescribed in Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 . No Related Party shall vote to approve such transaction.

**4. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23 of the Listing Regulations, a transaction with a related party shall be considered 'Material' if the transaction to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year exceeds Rs. 1,000 crores or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company, whichever is lower.

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(1A) of the Listing Regulations, a transaction involving payments made to a related party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds 5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company.

**5. TRANSACTIONS WITH WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARIES**

Provisions of regulation 23 (2), 23(3), 23(4) of Listing regulation shall not applicable in the following cases:

- a) Transactions entered into between the company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with the company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval. Transactions of the Company with a wholly owned subsidiary subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 177 read with Section 188 of the Act.
  
- b) Transactions entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the company, whose accounts are consolidated with such company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

## **6. DISCLOSURES**

- a) Particulars of RPTs shall be disclosed in such manner and within such timelines as prescribed under the Listing Regulations and/or the Act (including rules made thereunder), from time to time.
  
- b) This Policy shall be disclosed on the Company's website [www.gravitaindia.com](http://www.gravitaindia.com) and a web link thereto shall be provided in the Annual Report of the Company

## **7. APPLICABILITY, REVIEW AND AMENDMENT**

Applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations pertaining to Related Party Transactions and dealing with Related Party Transactions which are not specifically covered in this Policy shall be deemed to form part of this Policy.

The Board shall review the Policy at least once in every three years. The Board may amend, abrogate, modify or revise any or all provisions of this Policy. However, amendments in the Act or in the Listing Regulations shall be binding even if not incorporated in this Policy.